

## FOR USE IN TURFGRASSES, ORNAMENTALS, LANDSCAPE OR GROUNDS MAINTENANCE, AND NONCROPLAND AREAS

### **Active Ingredient:**

pendimethalin, N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2, 6-dinitrobenzenamine.	. 37.4%
Other Ingedients*:	. <u>62.6%</u>
Total:	. 100.0%

(1 gallon contains 3.3 lbs of pendimethalin)

EPA Reg. No. 241-341

**EPA Est. No.** 

# CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for additional First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, and state-specific crop and/or use site restrictions.

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

### **Net Contents:**



<sup>\*</sup> Contains petroleum distillates

	FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT GIVE ANY LIQUID TO THE PERSON.</li> <li>DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
HOT LINE NUMBER		
In case of emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 1-800-832-HELP (4357).		
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN		
Т	his product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillates.	

### **Precautionary Statements**

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

### **CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) NON-WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers (except mixers/loaders) who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) - in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS -must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils)
- Shoes plus socks

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, or coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

### WPS USES:

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for **Category F** on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR part 170) - in general, agricultural-plant uses are covered - must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### **Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240)(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

### **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
   Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to fish. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

### **ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION**

If endangered plant species occur in proximity to the application site, the following mitigation measures are required:

If applied by ground, leave an untreated buffer zone of 200 feet. The product must be applied using a low boom (20 inches above the ground) and ASAE fine to medium/coarse nozzles.

To determine if your county has an endangered plant species, consult the website http://www.epa.gov/espp/usa-map.htm.

Endangered Species Bulletins may also be obtained from extension offices or state pesticide agencies. If the bulletin is not available for your specific area, check with the appropriate local state agency to determine if known populations of endangered plant species occur in the area to be treated.

### **Directions For Use**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at time of herbicide application.

**DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

**DO NOT** apply by aerial methods.

**DO NOT** apply **Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide** in green-houses, shadehouses or other enclosed structures. BASF Corporation does not recommend or authorize the use of this product in manufacturing, processing or preparing custom blends with other products for application to turf or ornamentals.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **24 hours.** 

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes plus socks

### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**DO NOT** enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL OR CROP INJURY.

### Storage and Disposal

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

### PESTICIDE STORAGE: DO NOT STORE BELOW 40° F.

Extended storage at temperatures below 40° F can result in the formation of crystals on the bottom of the container. If crystallization does occur, store the container on its side at room temperature (70° F) and rock occasionally until crystals redissolve.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity ≤ 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Triple rinse containers too large to shake (capacity > 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and the labels of products used in combination with **Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide**. The use of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** not consistent with this label can result in injury to crops, animals, or persons. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

### **General Information**

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** provides preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds as they germinate in any turfgrass site (lawns, sod, turf areas). Examples of such sites include but are not limited to: grounds or lawns around residential and commercial establishments, multifamily dwellings, military and other institutions, parks, airports, roadsides, schools, picnic grounds, athletic fields, houses of worship, cemeteries, golf courses, prairiegrass areas, and sod farms.

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** can also be used in and around field-, liner-, and container-grown ornamental nurseries; established landscape ornamentals and ornamental gardens; listed groundcovers; nonbearing fruit and nut trees; conifer

and hardwood seedling nurseries; and for tree plantation site preparation and maintenance.

In addition, **Pendulum 3.3 EC** can be applied for general grounds maintenance around areas such as parking lots, driveways and roadsides, alleyways, bike and jogging paths, vacant lots, buildings, stone gardens and gravel yards, markers and fence lines, mulch beds and other similar areas. It may be used under asphalt or concrete treatments as part of a site preparation program.

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** is recommended for preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds as they germinate in any noncropland area such as railroad, utility, highway, and pipeline rights-of-way; highway guardrails, delineators, and sign posts; bridge abutments and approaches; utility substations; petroleum tank farms; pumping installations; storage areas; fence rows; windbreaks and shelterbelts; paved or gravel surfaces; and other similar areas where weed control is desired.

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** controls weeds as they germinate but will not control established weeds. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of established weeds. For the control of established weeds, **Pendulum 3.3 EC** may be used in conjunction with herbicides registered for postemergence use. Consult the labels of those herbicides for use rates, timings, and precautions or restrictions.

Unusually cold, excessively wet, or hot and dry conditions that delay germination or extend germination over a long period of time can reduce weed control.

The efficacy of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** will improve if the application is followed by one-half inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If **Pendulum 3.3 EC** is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

Applied according to label directions and under normal growing conditions, **Pendulum 3.3 EC** or **Pendulum 3.3 EC** tank mix combinations will not cause crop injury. Overapplication can result in crop stand loss, crop injury, or soil residues. Uneven application can decrease weed control or cause crop injury. Seedling diseases, cold weather, excessive moisture, high soil pH, high soil salt concentration, or drought can weaken seedlings and plants and increase the possibility of plant damage from **Pendulum 3.3 EC**.

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** may cause temporary discoloration of sprayed surfaces. Rinse immediately to avoid staining. Spray colorants or dyes can be added to alter the color of the spray solution to match the treated surfaces.

### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM 3.3 EC

Respective sections of this leaflet define recommended **Pendulum 3.3 EC** or **Pendulum 3.3 EC**-registered tank mix treatments.

### **Ground Driven Sprayer:**

1. Fill tank one-half to three-quarters full with clean water.

- 2. Add **Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide** to the partially filled tank while agitating and then fill the remainder of the tank with water.
- MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION WHILE ADDING PENDULUM 3.3 EC AND UNTIL SPRAY-ING IS COMPLETED. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time, thorough agitation is essential before spraying is resumed. Continue agitation while spraying.
- 4. If **Pendulum 3.3 EC** is to be used in tank mixtures with other registered herbicides, follow directions on the labels of those products which recommend tank mixing.

**Backpack Sprayer:** Begin with a clean spray tank. Fill the spray tank one-half full with clean water and add the required amount of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** to the sprayer. Cap sprayer and agitate to ensure mixing. Uncap sprayer and finish filling tank to desired level. Cap sprayer and agitate once again. During application it is desirable to agitate the mixture on occasion to ensure mixing. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time, thorough agitation is essential before spraying is resumed.

**Liquid Fertilizers:** Prior to mixing, small quantities should always be tested using a simple jar test. Add the required amount of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** to half-filled spray tank while agitating then add the fertilizer product. Complete filling spray tank to desired level.

Dry Bulk Fertilizers: Pendulum 3.3 EC may be impregnated on dry bulk fertilizers. When applied as directed, Pendulum 3.3 EC/dry bulk fertilizer mixtures provide weed control equal to that provided by the same rates of Pendulum 3.3 EC applied in water.

### MANAGING OFF-TARGET MOVEMENT

The following information is provided as general guidance for managing off-target movement. Specific use recommendations for **Pendulum 3.3 EC** may differ depending on the application technique used and the vegetation management objective.

**Spray Drift:** Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

It is the responsibility of the applicator to avoid spray drift onto nontarget areas.

Spray drift from applying this product may result in damage to sensitive plants adjacent to the treatment area. Only apply this product when the potential for drift to these and other adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, or nontarget crops) is minimal. **DO NOT** apply when the following conditions exist that increase the likelihood of spray drift from intended targets: high or gusty winds, high temperatures, low humidity, temperature inversions.

To minimize spray drift, the applicator should be familiar with and take into account the following drift reduction advisory information. Additional information may be available from state enforcement agencies or the Cooperative Extension on the application of this product.

The best drift management strategy and most effective way to reduce drift potential are to apply large droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind**, **Temperature and Humidity** and **Temperature Inversions**).

### **Controlling Droplet Size:**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure DO NOT exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- **Number of Nozzles -** Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is recommended practice. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid-stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.
  DO NOT use nozzles producing a mist droplet spray.

**Application Height:** Making applications at the lowest possible height (aircraft, ground-driven spray boom) that is safe and practical reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**Swath Adjustment:** When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the application equipment (e.g. aircraft, ground) upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

**Wind:** Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

**NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**Temperature and Humidity:** When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger

droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

**Temperature Inversions:** Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud, which can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

**Wind Erosion:** Avoid treating powdery, dry or light sandy soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.

### SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM® 3.3 EC HERBICIDE

Apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in sufficient water per acre to provide uniform spray distribution (at least 40 gallons of water per acre). Low-pressure (e.g. 20 to 40 psi) sprayers are recommended. Maintain continuous agitation during spraying with good mechanical or bypass agitation. Check sprayer routinely to determine proper calibration. Avoid overlaps that will increase rates above those recommended. Avoid application when winds may cause drift.

Avoid unintentional contact of spray solution with driveways, stone, wood or other porous surfaces. Rinse immediately to avoid staining.

The efficacy of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** will be improved if the application is followed by one-half inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If **Pendulum 3.3 EC** is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

To prevent establishment of weeds along the edges of lawns, it may be necessary to overlap the spray three to six inches onto sidewalks or driveways, etc., to ensure effective application rates in these especially vulnerable sites. Where temporary discoloration of pavement is to be avoided, rinse immediately to avoid staining.

### **TURFGRASS TANK MIXES**

Pendulum 3.3 EC can be mixed with postemergence herbicides to control emerged weeds in turfgrasses. For annual grass control, applications can be made with Acclaim® Extra or MSMA to control emerged weeds. Broadleaf weeds can be controlled using Trimec®, Three-Way™, 2,4-D, and other similar products.

Before tank mixing, a simple jar test is recommended to insure compatibility of herbicides.

Refer to manufacturers' labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before tank mixing with **Pendulum 3.3 EC** and follow those that are most restrictive.

#### **TURFGRASS PRECAUTIONS**

Use on well-established turfgrass with a dense and uniform stand. On newly planted areas, application should not be made until the turfgrass has filled in and has been mowed at least four times. On turf that has been thinned or damaged due to winter injury, excessive moisture, etc., allow for turf recovery prior to making an application. Applications made to overseeded warm-season turfgrasses may cause thinning or injury of the overseeded species.

**DO NOT** use on greens or injury may occur.

Delay reseeding or winter overseeding of treated turfgrass for at least three (3) months following the last **Pendulum 3.3 EC** application. Delay sprigging turfgrass for five (5) months after application.

### INDUSTRIAL (UNIMPROVED) TURF

Industrial, or unimproved, turf areas often have a different spectrum of weeds to be controlled than those found in fine turf, as described elsewhere in this leaflet. **Pendulum 3.3 EC** will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds mentioned in that section of this label as well as the following weeds that might germinate in established grasses in rights-of-way, roadsides, construction sites, parks, substations, lots, or similar areas:

Crowfootgrass, Itchgrass, Johnsongrass (from seed), Junglerice, Lovegrass, Browntop panicum, Texas panicum, Field sandbur, Signalgrass, Mexican sprangletop, Red sprangletop, Witchgrass, Woolly cupgrass, Carpetweed, Fiddleneck, Filaree, Kochia, Lambsquarters, Pigweed, Puncturevine, Florida pusley, London rocket, Shepherdspurse, Pennsylvania smartweed, Annual spurge, and Velvetleaf.

Apply before weeds germinate. A postemergence herbicide, such as 2,4-D, MSMA, or similar products, may be tank mixed to control established weeds. Apply according to label instructions for the respective products and follow the most restrictive wording.

		TURFGRASSES  APPLICATION PATES FOR WEED CONTRO	N.1
Turfgrass Species	Weeds Controlled	Rates of Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide	Comments
COOL SEASON	GRASSES		
Bluegrass, Kentucky Fescue, fine Fescue, tall Ryegrass, perennial	Barnyardgrass Crabgrass Evening primrose Fall panicum Foxtail Hop clover Knotweed Oxalis Poa annua Prostrate spurge Purslane	3.6 to 4.8 pts/acre or 1.3 to 1.8 oz/1000 sq ft.  Initial application prior to weed germination in spring.	Apply a repeat application of 2.5 to 3.6 pts/acre (1 to 1.3 oz/1000 sq ft) after 5 to 8 weeks for extended control or where heavy weed infestations are expected.
	Chickweed Corn speedwell Cudweed Henbit Lawn burweed Poa annua	Residential <sup>2</sup> Turf Uses Only: 3.6 to 4.8 pts/acre or 1.3 to 1.8 oz/1000 sq ft.  Initial application prior to weed germination in spring.  Commercial or Other Non-Residential Turf Uses: 3.6 to 7.2 pts/acre or 1.3 to 2.6 oz/1000 sq ft.  Initial application prior to weed germination in spring.  3.6 to 4.8 pts/acre or 1.3 to 1.8 oz/1000 sq ft.	Apply a repeat application of 3.6 pts/acre (1.3 oz/1000 sq ft) if the lower rate was used initially for extended goosegrass control.  Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.
WARM SEASON	GRASSES		
Bahiagrass Bermudagrass Buffalograss Centipedegrass Fescue, tall Paspalum, seashore St. Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	Barnyardgrass Crabgrass Evening primrose Fall panicum Foxtail Hop clover Knotweed Oxalis Poa annua Prostrate spurge Purslane	Residential <sup>2</sup> Turf Uses Only: 3.6 to 4.8 pts/acre or 1.3 to 1.8 oz/1000 sq ft.  Initial application prior to weed germination in spring.  Commercial or Other Non-Residential Turf Uses: 3.6 to 7.2 pts/acre or 1.3 to 2.6 oz/1000 sq ft.  Initial application prior to weed germination in spring.	Apply a repeat application of 2.5 to 3.6 pts/acre (1 to 1.3 oz/1000 sq ft) after 5 to 8 weeks if necessary.
	Goosegrass  Chickweed Corn speedwell	3.6 pts/acre or 1.3 oz/1000 sq ft.  Apply prior to weed germination in spring.  Make a second application 6 to 8 weeks later.  3.6 to 4.8 pts/acre or 1.3 to 1.8 oz/1000 sq ft.	An additional application of 3.6 pts/acre (1.3 oz/1000 sq ft) may be made for extended goosegrass control 8 weeks after the second application.  Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.
	Cudweed Henbit Lawn burweed Poa annua		3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> **DO NOT** exceed a maximum of 4.8 pts/acre per application for use on residential turfgrass.

**DO NOT** exceed a maximum of 7.2 pts/acre per application for use on commercial or non-residential turfgrass.

The efficacy of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** will be improved if the application is followed by one-half inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If **Pendulum 3.3 EC** is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

To prevent establishment of weeds along the edges of lawns, it may be necessary to overlap the spray three to six inches onto sidewalks or driveways, etc., to ensure effective application rates in these especially vulnerable sites. Where temporary discoloration of pavement is to be avoided, rinse immediately to avoid staining.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Residential is defined as turf in any residential situation, as well as schools, parks and playgrounds.

### **ORNAMENTALS**

### **RECOMMENDED SPECIES**

**Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide** sprays are safe around and over the top of the established plants listed below. However, not all varieties or strains of the plants listed have been tested. Unintentional consequences, such as crop injury, may result because of certain environmental or growing conditions, manner of use or application. Therefore, before treating a large number of plants, spray a few plants and observe for plant damage prior to full scale application.

**DO NOT** apply **Pendulum 3.3 EC** in greenhouses, shadehouses or other enclosed structures.

Refer to **APPLICATION RATE TABLE** for rates.

GROUND COVERS		
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Ajuga	Ajuga reptans	
Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula	
Cinquefoil, spring	Potentilla verna	
Daisy, trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum	
Gazania	Gazania splendens	
Iceplant, large leaf	Carpobrotus edulis	
lvy, English	Hedera helix	
Ivy, Geranium	Pelargonium peltatum	
Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum asiaticum	
Jasmine, primrose	Jasminum mesnyi	
Mondograss	Ophiopogon japonica	
Myoporum	Myoporum parviflolium	
Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis	
Potentilla	Potentilla fruticosa	
Rose-Of-Sharon	Hypericum calycinum	
Wintercreeper	Euonymous fortunei	

PERENNIALS		
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Bleeding heart	Dicentra spectabilis	
Calla lily	Zantedeschia aethiopica	
Canna, common garden	Canna generalis 'Lucifer'	
Chincherinchee	Ornithogalum thyrsoides	
Crinum lily	Crinum spp.	
Fern, asparagus	Asparagus officinalis	
Fern, leatherleaf	Rumohra adiantiformis	
Freesia	Freesia x hybrida	
Heather, dwarf	Calluna vulgaris	
Hosta	Hosta spp.	
Lily	Lillium spp.	
Liriope, creeping	Liriope spicata	
Liriope, variegated	Liriope muscari	
Montbretia	Crocosmia crocosmiiflora	
Orchid, peacock	Acidanthera bicolor	
Peony, Chinese	Paeonia lactiflora	
Wisteria	Wisteria spp.	
Zephyr lily	Zephyranthes spp.	

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES			
Common Name	Scientific Name		
Beach brass	Ammophila breviligulata		
Fescue, blue	Festuca ovina		
Fescue, sheep	Festuca ovina		
Fountain grass	Pennisetum setaceum		
Pampas grass	Cortaderia selloana		
Reed canary grass	Phalaris arundinacea		
Reed, giant	Arundo spp.		
Ribbon grass	Phalaris arundinacea		
Tufted hair grass	Deschampsia caespitosa		

	TREES
Common Name	Scientific Name
Alder, European black	Alnus glutinosa
Apple	Malus spp.
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis
Arbutus	Arbutus spp.
Ash, red	Fraxinus pennsylvanica
Ash, white	Fraxinus americana
Aspen, bigtooth	Populus grandidentata
Aspen, quaking	Populus tremuloides
Basswood	Tilia spp.
Birch, European weeping	Betula pendula
Birch, river	Betula nigra
Buckeye, red	Aesculus pavia
Cedar, white	Thuja occidentalis
Chamaecyparis, boulevard	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Cherry, black	Prunus serotina
Cherry, choke	Prunus virginiana
Cherry, Kwanzan	Prunus serrulata
Cherry, Nanking	Prunus tomentosa
Cottonwood	Populus deltoides
Crabapple	Malus spp.
Crepe Myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica
Cryptomeria, Japanese cedar	Cryptomeria japonica
Cypress, bald	Taxodium distichum
Cypress, leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii
Dogwood, flowering	Cornus florida
Dogwood, Korean	Cornus kousa
Dogwood, shrub	Cornus spp.
Dogwood, silky	Cornus amomum
Elm	Ulmus japonica
Fir, balsam	Abies balsamae
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Fir, Fraser	Abies fraseri
Fir, white	Abies concolor
Franklinia	Franklinia spp.
Ginkgo	Ginkgo biloba
Gum, black	Nyssa sylvatica
Gum, sour	Nyssa sylvatica
Haw, black	Viburnum prunifolium
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis
Hemlock, Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Holly, American	llex opaca
Honeylocust	Gleditsia triacanthos
Lilac, common	Syringa vulgaris
Lilac, Japanese tree	Syringa reticulata
Linden	Tilia spp.
Magnolia, saucer	Magnolia soulangiana
Magnolia, Southern	Magnolia grandiflora
Magnolia, star	Magnolia stellata
Maidenhair tree	Ginkgo biloba

Common Name         Scientific Name           Maple, Japanese         Acer palmatum           Maple, Norway         Acer platanoides           Maple, red         Acer rubrum           Maple, sugar         Acer saccharum           Nannyberry, rusty         Viburum rufidulum           Oak, bire         Quercus muchlenbergii           Oak, live         Quercus palustris           Oak, pin         Quercus palustris           Oak, pin         Quercus palustris           Oak, pin         Quercus palustris           Oak, water         Quercus nigra           Oak, water         Quercus nigra           Oak, white         Quercus alba           Oak, white         Quercus phellos           Olive         Olea europaea           Palm, date         Phoenix spp.           Palm, fan         Washingtonia spp.           Palm, fan         Washingtonia spp.           Palm, pindo         Bulia spp.           Palm, pindo         Purus persica           Peach         Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'           Pecan         Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'           Pecan         Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'           Pecan         Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'	TREES			
Maple, Norway Acer platanoides Maple, red Acer rubrum Maple, sugar Acer saccharum Nannyberry, rusty Vibumum rufidulum Oak, Chinquapin Oak, live Ouercus wirginiana Oak, ive Ouercus palustris Oak, red Ouercus nubra Oak, water Ouercus nigra Oak, white Ouercus nigra Oak, willow Ouercus phelios Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Parlm, fan Parlm, washington Peach Perar Pear, Bradford Pecan Pinus nigra Pine, Austrian Pine, Rotley Pinus radiata Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, socth Pinus persica Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, virginia Pine, white Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus persica Pine, red Pinus rediina Pinus rediina Pine, scotch Pinus pinu	Common Name	Scientific Name		
Maple, Norway Acer platanoides Maple, red Acer rubrum Maple, sugar Acer saccharum Nannyberry, rusty Vibumum rufidulum Oak, Chinquapin Oak, live Ouercus wirginiana Oak, ive Ouercus palustris Oak, red Ouercus nubra Oak, water Ouercus nigra Oak, white Ouercus nigra Oak, willow Ouercus phelios Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Parlm, fan Parlm, washington Peach Perar Pear, Bradford Pecan Pinus nigra Pine, Austrian Pine, Rotley Pinus radiata Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, socth Pinus persica Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, virginia Pine, white Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus propia Pinus persica Pine, red Pinus rediina Pinus rediina Pine, scotch Pinus pinu	Maple, Japanese	Acer palmatum		
Maple, red Acer rubrum Maple, sugar Acer saccharum Nannyberry, rusty Viburnum rufidulum Oak, Chinquapin Quercus muehlenbergii Oak, live Quercus palustris Oak, red Quercus rubra Oak, water Quercus nigra Oak, white Quercus alba Oak, willow Quercus phellos Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Washingtonia spp. Palm, pindo Butia spp. Palm, pindo Washingtonia spp. Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus resinosa Pine, sootch Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, sootch Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus rilorata Pededar, Western Thuja plicata Pededar, Western Thuja plicata Redecdar, Garya illinoerus siganta Redecdar, Garya illinoerus siganta Pededar, Western Thuja plicata Redecdar, Garya illinoerus siganta Pine, soloch Pinus strobus Punus purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redecdar, Garya illinoerus siganta Pine, worten Pinus strobus Punus purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redecdar, Gastern Juniperus virginiana Pine, worten Pinus plicata Redecdar, Gastern Punus cerasifera Populus nigra Redecdar, Western Punus cerasifera Populus nigra Redecdar, Gastern Punus cerasifera Populus nigra styracifilus Redecodar, Western Punus ce		'		
Maple, sugar Nannyberry, rusty Viburnum ruficulum Oak, Chinquapin Oak, live Ouercus virginiana Oak, pin Oak, red Ouercus rubra Oak, water Oak, water Oak, willow Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Pear Radford Pecan Pinus pinea Pinus nigra Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus virginiana Pine, sottch Pine, slash Pine, slash Pine, slash Pine, purple leaf Poplar, black Popure, dwarf Alberta Pinus ougran Pinus pinea Pinus virginiana Pine, stater Redwood, dawn Metasequoia gilyntostroboides Sequoia, giant Spuca Valeryaus Valeriana' Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pinus pinea Pine, white Pinus sidena Pinus pinea Pine, white Pinus strobus Pum, purple leaf Poplar, black Poplar, black Poplar, black Popular pinea Pine, white Pinea pinea Pine, wirginiana Pine, white Pinea		,		
Nannyberry, rusty  Oak, Chinquapin  Oak, live  Ouercus muehlenbergii  Oak, pin  Oak, red  Oak, water  Oak, wite  Ouercus michauxii  Oak, wite  Ouercus nigra  Oak, willow  Olea europaea  Palm, date  Phoenix spp.  Palm, fan  Pear, Bradford  Pecan  Pinus pinea  Pinus pinea  Pinus pinea  Pinus pinea  Pinus pinea  Pinus resinosa  Pinus resinosa  Pinus resinosa  Pinus virginiana  Pinus virginiana  Pinus virginiana  Pinus virginiana  Pinus pirginiana  Pinus pirgini		Acer saccharum		
Oak, Chinquapin Oak, live Ouercus virginiana Oak, pin Ouercus palustris Oak, red Ouercus rubra Oak, swamp chestnut Oak, water Oak, white Ouercus alba Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Phoenix spp. Palm, date Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pecan Pine, Italian stone Pine, scotch Pine, Slash Pine, Virginia Pine, Witte Pinus purple leaf Populus rigra Pine, Western Pinus persica Pinus pinea Pine, white Pinus radiedata Pinus pinosa Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Witte Pinus pinea Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Washire Pine, Western Pinus radiedata Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Western Pinus pinea Pine, Western Pinus pinea Pine, Western Pinus pinea Pine, Wolder Pinus strobus Pinus pinea Pine, Western Pinus pinea Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirgini		Viburnum rufidulum		
Oak, live  Ouercus virginiana Oak, pin  Ouercus palustris Oak, red  Ouercus nubra Oak, swamp chestnut  Ouercus nigra Oak, white  Ouercus nigra Oak, white  Ouercus pellos Olive  Olea europaea Palm, date  Phoenix spp. Palm, fan  Washingtonia spp. Palm, Washington  Washingtonia spp. Peach  Prunus persica Pear, Bradford  Pyrus callenyana 'Bradford' Pecan  Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian  Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone  Pinus readiata Pine, scotch  Pinus reisinosa Pine, scotch  Pinus sylvestris Pine, sash  Pinus elliottii Pine, Wirginia  Pinus virginiana Pine, white  Pinus cerasifera Poplar, black  Populus nigra Rededar, Eastern  Juniperus virginiana Rededar, Western  Thuja plicata Red ironbark  Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn  Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant  Sequoiadendron giganteum Service  Pinus e picea abies Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua Sylans nigra Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black  Juglans nigra Willow, weeping  Salix babylonica		Quercus muehlenbergii		
Oak, pin Ouercus palustris Oak, red Ouercus rubra Oak, swamp chestnut Ouercus michauxii Oak, water Ouercus nigra Oak, white Ouercus alba Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Washingtonia spp. Palm, pindo Butia spp. Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone Pinus resinosa Pine, sottch Pinus resinosa Pine, sottch Pinus erasifera Pine, virginia Pinus erasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Reveaty alberta Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Salix babylonica Wallow, weeping Pine albow Quercus michauxii Quercus nigra Phoenix spp. Quercus nigra Phoenix spp. Quercus nigra Phoenix spp. Quercus nigra Phoenix spp. Quercus nigra				
Oak, water Ouercus michauxii Oak, water Ouercus nigra Oak, white Ouercus alba Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Palm, washingtonia spp. Palm, Washingtonia spp. Peach Peach Pear, Bradford Pecan Pinus pinea Pine, Italian stone Pine, Joblolly Pine, Monterey Pine, sotch Pine, Sotch Pine, Virginia Pine, White Pine, White Pinus virginiana Pine, white Pinus purple leaf Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Redwood, dawn Sequoia, giant Seruce, Wasters Pine, Colorado blue Pice a glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciffua Valiva balk Valiow, weeping Valiva balk Valiva balk Valiva balk Valiva pigra Valiva pica dale Valiva pica pica pica pica pica pica pica pic	Oak, pin			
Oak, water Oak, white Ouercus nigra Oak, white Ouercus phellos Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Palm, indo Palm, Washingtonia spp. Palm, Washingtonia spp. Peach Peach Pear, Bradford Pecan Pine, Austrian Pine, Joblolly Pine, Joblolly Pine, Sotch Pine, Sotch Pine, Sotch Pine, White Pine, White Pine, White Pine, white Pine, white Pine, white Pine, black Pededar, Wastern Redcedar, Western Redwood, dawn Sequoia, giant Service berry Amelanchier laevis Spruce, Wallerta Sycamore Plataus virganua Pice alies Vallour, black Pice alies Pice Liriodendron tulipitera Vallut, black Villow, weeping Palis Alies Palis Alies Pice alies Vallour, black Pice alies Vallour, black Pice alies Vallour, black Vallour, black Vallour, black Vallour, black Vallour, black Vallour, weeping	Oak, red	Quercus rubra		
Oak, white Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Palm, pindo Peach Peach Pear, Bradford Pinus pinea Pine, Italian stone Pine, Soctch Pine, Soctch Pine, Solsh Pine, Virginia Pine, White Pine, Virginia Pine, Wastern Pine, Wastern Pine, Wastern Pinus virginiana Pine, Wastern Pinus virginiana Pine, Wastern Pinus virginiana Pine, Wastern Pinus surdiata Pine, Wirginia Pine, White Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, dawn Rery Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Olorado blue Picea glauca Syeamore Picea Liriodendron tulipifera Wallow, Western Trachycarpus Trachycarpus Plats back Pupulus nigra Picea glauca Virginian Pine, Wite Picea pungens Pinus ediiotti Picea Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Virginian Virachycarpus Virginian Virachycarpus Virginian Virachycarpus Virginian Virachycarpus Virachycarpu	Oak, swamp chestnut	Quercus michauxii		
Oak, white Oak, willow Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Palm, pindo Peach Peach Pear, Bradford Pinus pinea Pine, Italian stone Pine, Socth Pine, Socth Pine, Virginia Pine, Virginia Pine, White Pine, Wastern Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, Wirginia Pine, White Pinus purple leaf Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Olorado blue Pice a glauca Sycamore Pice a Washingtonia spp. Plead Pinea europaea Palm, Wastern Pine, Sourwood Pine, Worterey Pinus strobus Plum, purple Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Populus nigra Redcedar, Western Pale ironbark Pune sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Pine sideroxylon 'Rosea' Proce a pungens Pruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Pirae Valion, black Pupulans nigra Picea colicator tulipifera Valion, black Picea playon Valion, black Picea pungens Piruce, Uricolendron tulipifera Valion, black Villow, weeping Palix babylonica		Quercus nigra		
Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Washingtonia spp. Palm, pindo Butia spp. Palm, Washington Washingtonia spp. Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Joblolly Pinus taeda Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pinus virginiana Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Redcedar, Western Thuja plicata Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, white Picea glauca Syeamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus strachyonica	Oak, white			
Olive Olea europaea Palm, date Phoenix spp. Palm, fan Washingtonia spp. Palm, pindo Butia spp. Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Ibololly Pinus taeda Pine, Monterey Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pinus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Redcedar, Western Thuja plicata Red wood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendro giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, Wile Pianus ocidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Oak, willow	Quercus phellos		
Palm, date	Olive			
Palm, fan Washingtonia spp. Palm, pindo Butia spp. Palm, Washington Washingtonia spp. Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus pinea Pine, Idalian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, scotch Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, Virginia Pinus uriginiana Pine, white Pinus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Rede dar, Western Thuja plicata Red wood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, white Picea glauca Sycanore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus pine Vallouk, Duglans nigra Vallouk, Department of the picea pungens Spruce, Western Picea glauca Liquidambar styraciflua Picea pungens Spruce, Wilte Picea glauca Vallouk, Dack Vallouk, Dack Vallouk, Dack Vallour, black Vallour, weeping Salix babylonica	Palm, date			
Palm, pindo Palm, Washington Palm, Washington Peach Peach Peach Pear, Bradford Pecan Pinus persica Pear, Bradford Pecan Pinus nigra Pine, Austrian Pine, Idalian stone Pine, Idololly Pinus radiata Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pine, Wirginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus Valino, Wallon, ingra Valino, Wallon, ingra Picea planyan Valino, Valino, Picea planyan Valino, Valino, Picea Valino, Va	Palm, fan			
Palm, Washington Peach Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pecan Pecan Pine, Austrian Pine, Italian stone Pine, Monterey Pine, Italian stone Pine, Scotch Pine, Scotch Pine, Sash Pine, Virginia Pine, Virginia Pine, White Pinus virginiana Pine, White Pinus pinea Pinus virginiana Pine, White Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, dawn Reviceberry Reviceberry Round	Palm, pindo			
Peach Prunus persica Pear, Bradford Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus virginiana Pine, slash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pinus virginiana Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Redi ronbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Salix babylonica Willow, weeping Salix babylonica		Washingtonia spp.		
Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Ioblolly Pinus taeda Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus sylvestris Pine, scotch Pinus virginiana Pine, Virginia Pinus virginiana Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus silva babylonica Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Peach	Prunus persica		
Pecan Carya illinoensis Pine, Austrian Pinus nigra Pine, Italian stone Pinus pinea Pine, Ioblolly Pinus taeda Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus sylvestris Pine, scotch Pinus virginiana Pine, Virginia Pinus virginiana Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus silva babylonica Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Pear, Bradford	Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'		
Pine, Austrian Pine, Italian stone Pine, Italian stone Pine, Ioblolly Pinus pinea Pine, Monterey Pine, Monterey Pine, Red Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, stash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, dawn Reviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus migra Virilow picea Valix babylonica Valix babylonica Valix babylonica	Pecan			
Pine, Italian stone Pine, Ioblolly Pine, Monterey Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, dawn Sequoia, giant Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca Spruce, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Populus nigra Populus nigra Redcedar, Western Populus nigra Redcedar, Western Populus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Redsequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Picea pungens Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, Norway Picea abies Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Pine, Austrian			
Pine, loblolly Pine, Monterey Pinus radiata Pine, Monterey Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, giant Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Pinus tresinosa Pinus sylvestris Pinus elliottii Pinus virginiana Pinus cerasifera Populus nigra Picea glauca 'albertiana' Picea glauca Picea glauca Picea glauca Picea glauca Picea glauca Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Pirachycarpus spp. Pulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Valnut, black Villow, weeping Salix babylonica				
Pine, Monterey Pine, red Pinus resinosa Pine, scotch Pinus sylvestris Pine, slash Pinus elliottii Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Redwood, dawn Reviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Picea glauca Spruce, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Populus nigra Populus nigra Redcedar, Western Populus nigra Redi ronbark Redwood, dawn Redwood,		Pinus taeda		
Pine, scotch Pine, slash Pine, slash Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pi		Pinus radiata		
Pine, slash Pine, Virginia Pine, White Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Pedcedar, Eastern Redironbark Redwood, dawn Serviceberry Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Spruce, White Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Populus nigra Populus nigra Puniperus virginiana Redironbark Redironbark Redironbark Redwood, dawn Redw	Pine, red	Pinus resinosa		
Pine, Virginia Pine, white Pinus strobus Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Serviceberry Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Spruce, White Pines yirginiana Pinus strobus Prunus cerasifera Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Redi ronbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Pine, scotch	Pinus sylvestris		
Pine, white Plum, purple leaf Prunus cerasifera Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Spruce, Norway Spruce, white Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Virginiana Redcedar, Western Thuja plicata Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Oxydendrum arboreum Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Pine, slash	Pinus elliottii		
Plum, purple leaf Poplar, black Populus nigra Redcedar, Eastern Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Requoia, giant Serviceberry Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Spruce, Norway Spruce, white Spruce, and spruce irachy and spruce	Pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana		
Poplar, black Redcedar, Eastern Juniperus virginiana Redcedar, Western Thuja plicata Red ironbark Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, Norway Picea abies Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Pine, white	Pinus strobus		
Redcedar, Eastern  Redcedar, Western  Red ironbark  Red wood, dawn  Sequoia, giant  Sequoiadendron giganteum  Serviceberry  Amelanchier laevis  Sourwood  Spruce, Colorado blue  Spruce, Norway  Spruce, White  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Salix babylonica	Plum, purple leaf	Prunus cerasifera		
Red ironbark Red ironbark Redwood, dawn Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoia, giant Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Spruce, Colorado blue Spruce, Norway Picea abies Spruce, white Picea glauca Spruce, white Picea glauca Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black  Fucea glauca sideroxylon 'Rosea' Redwood,	Poplar, black	Populus nigra		
Red ironbark  Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea'  Redwood, dawn  Metasequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia, giant  Serviceberry  Amelanchier laevis  Sourwood  Oxydendrum arboreum  Spruce, Colorado blue  Picea pungens  Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Metasequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides	Redcedar, Eastern	Juniperus virginiana		
Redwood, dawn  Metasequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia, giant  Serviceberry  Amelanchier laevis  Sourwood  Oxydendrum arboreum  Spruce, Colorado blue  Picea pungens  Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Metasequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides  Sequoia glyptostroboides	Redcedar, Western	Thuja plicata		
Sequoia, giant Sequoiadendron giganteum Serviceberry Amelanchier laevis Sourwood Oxydendrum arboreum Spruce, Colorado blue Picea pungens Spruce, dwarf Alberta Picea glauca 'albertiana' Spruce, Norway Picea abies Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Sequoiadendron giganteum Picea plaevis Traca glauca Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra	Red ironbark	Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea'		
Serviceberry  Amelanchier laevis  Sourwood  Oxydendrum arboreum  Spruce, Colorado blue  Picea pungens  Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Amelanchier laevis  Picea glauca  Picea glauca  Picea glauca  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Valnut, black  Juglans nigra  Salix babylonica	Redwood, dawn	Metasequoia glyptostroboides		
Sourwood  Oxydendrum arboreum  Spruce, Colorado blue  Picea pungens  Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Oxydendrum arboreum  Picea pungens  Picea abies  Picea glauca  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Viquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Juglans nigra  Salix babylonica	Sequoia, giant	Sequoiadendron giganteum		
Spruce, Colorado blue  Picea pungens  Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Picea pungens  Picea glauca  Picea glauca  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Juglans nigra  Salix babylonica	Serviceberry	Amelanchier laevis		
Spruce, dwarf Alberta  Picea glauca 'albertiana'  Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Willow, weeping  Picea glauca  Picea glauca  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Liquidambar styraciflua  Viguanbar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Valnut, black  Juglans nigra  Salix babylonica	Sourwood	Oxydendrum arboreum		
Spruce, Norway  Picea abies  Spruce, white  Picea glauca  Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Juglans nigra  Willow, weeping  Salix babylonica	Spruce, Colorado blue	Picea pungens		
Spruce, white Picea glauca Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp. Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Spruce, dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca 'albertiana'		
Sweetgum  Liquidambar styraciflua  Sycamore  Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus  Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree  Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black  Juglans nigra  Willow, weeping  Salix babylonica	Spruce, Norway	Picea abies		
Sycamore Platanus occidentalis  Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black Juglans nigra  Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Spruce, white	Picea glauca		
Trachycarpus Trachycarpus spp.  Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera  Walnut, black Juglans nigra  Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua		
Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera Walnut, black Juglans nigra Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis		
Walnut, black  Juglans nigra  Willow, weeping  Salix babylonica	Trachycarpus	Trachycarpus spp.		
Willow, weeping Salix babylonica	Tulip Tree	Liriodendron tulipifera		
	Walnut, black	Juglans nigra		
Yellowwood Cladrastis lutea	Willow, weeping	Salix babylonica		
	Yellowwood	Cladrastis lutea		

SHRUBS	
Scientific Name	
Abelia grandiflora	
Aucuba japonica	
Rhododendron spp.	
Nandina domestica	
Berberis gladwynensis	
Berberis thunbergii	
Dalea gregii	
Callistemon citrinus	
Buxus sempervirens	
Buxus microphylla	
Camellia japonica	
Gardenia jasminoides	
Cordyline spp.	
Correa spp.	
Cotoneaster apiculatus	
Cotoneaster dammeri	
Cotoneaster horizontalis	
Cupressus sempervirens	
Cupressocyparis leylandii	
Deutzia gracilis	
Cornus sericea	
Elaeagnus ebbingei	
Escallonia fradesii	
Euonymus fortunei	
Euonymus japonica	
Euonymus alata	
Pyracantha coccinea	
Forsythia intermedia	
Osmanthus fragrans	
Zauschineria californica	
Gardenia jasminoides	
Raphiolepis indica	
Hibiscus syriacus	
llex cornuta	
llex attenuata 'Fosteri'	
llex crenata	
llex attenuata llex vomitoria	
Diervilla Ionicera	
Juniperus spp.	
Juniperus chinensis v. pfitzer	
Juniperus conferta	
Juniperus horizontalis	
Prunus laurocerasus	
Kalmia latifolia	
Prunus laurocerasus	
Prunus schipkanensis	

SHRUBS			
Common Name	Scientific Name		
Leucothoe, coast	Leucothoe axillaris		
Lilac, cut-leaf	Syringa laciniata		
Lily-of-the-Nile	Agapanthus africanus		
Mahonia	Mahonia aquifolium		
Mock orange	Pittosporum tobira		
Myrtle, compact	Myrtus communis		
Myrtle, wax	Myrica cerifera		
Nandina	Nandina domestica		
Oleander	Nerium oleander		
Oregon grape	Mahonia aquifolium		
Osmanthus	Osmanthus fragrans		
Palm, European fan	Chamaerops humilis		
Palm, Mediterranean fan	Chamaerops spp.		
Phlox, prickly	Leptodactylon californicum		
Photinia, Fraser	Photinia X Fraseri		
Pieris, Japanese	Pieris japonica		
Pine, Mugo	Pinus mugo		
Plum, Natal	Carissa grandiflora		
Privet, California	Ligustrum ovalifolium		
Privet, glossy	Ligustrum lucidum		
Privet, variegated	Ligustrum sinensis		
Privet, waxleaf	Ligustrum japonicum		
Pyracantha	Pyracantha coccinea		
Quince, flowering	Chaenomeles japonica		
Ranger, Texas	Leucophyllum frutescens		
Redroot	Ceanothus spp.		
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.		
Robira	Pittosporum tobiri		
Spice plant	Illicium parviflorum		
Spiraea	Spiraea vanhouttei		
Spiraea, Anthony Waterer	Spiraea X bumalda		
Spiraea, Japanese	Spirea japonica		
Sweet bay	Laurus nobilis		
Trumpet bush	Tecoma stans		
Verbena, lemon	Aloysia triphylla		
Viburnum	Viburnum suspensum		
Vitex	Vitex spp.		
Weigela	Weigela florida		
Wild lilac	Ceanothus spp.		
Xylosma	Xylosma congestum		
Yellowbells	Tecoma stans		
Yew*	Taxus media		
Yew, Japanese*	Taxus cuspidata		
Yew, Southern	Podocarpus macrophyllus		
Yucca, Adam's	Yucca filamentosa		
Yucca, weeping	Yucca pendula		
* Applications should not be made terminals may occur.	during spring growth or injury to		

ORNAMENTA	L INSTRUCTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS <sup>1</sup>
Site	Application Instructions and Restrictions
Newly transplanted field-grown nursery stock	<ul> <li>DO NOT make over-the-top applications at time of field transplanting. Use shielded sprayer until plantings have been established for one (1) year or more in the field.</li> <li>DO NOT APPLY until transplants have been watered and soil has been thoroughly packed and settled around transplants. Care must be taken to ensure there are no cracks in the soil where Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide could come into contact with the roots.</li> <li>DO NOT APPLY during bud swell, bud break or at time of first flush of new growth.</li> <li>Direct sprays away from graphed or budded tissue on transplants at all times.</li> </ul>
Newly transplanted container-grown nursery stock	<ul> <li>DO NOT APPLY until transplants have been watered and soil has been thoroughly packed and settled around transplants. Care must be taken to ensure there are no cracks in the soil where Pendulum 3.3 EC could come into contact with the roots.</li> <li>For container-grown ornamentals, delay first application of the product to bareroot liners for two (2) to four (4) weeks after transplanting.</li> <li>DO NOT APPLY during bud swell, bud break or at time of first flush of new growth.</li> <li>Direct sprays away from graphed or budded tissue on transplants at all times.</li> </ul>
Established container, field-grown nursery stock	<ul> <li>DO NOT APPLY during bud swell, bud break or at time of first flush of new growth.</li> <li>Apply as a directed or over-the-top spray.</li> <li>If newly budded or graphed roofstock, make an application using a shielded sprayer.</li> <li>Care must be taken to ensure there are no cracks in the soil where Pendulum 3.3 EC could come into contact with the roots.</li> </ul>
Landscape plantings	<ul> <li>DO NOT APPLY to newly transplanted ornamentals until plants have been watered and soil has been thoroughly packed and settled around roots.</li> <li>Apply as a directed or over-the-top spray.</li> <li>It is recommended to use the lowest labeled rate when making applications to annuals. Repeat applications can be made for extended landscape weed control.</li> </ul>
Bare ground for container placement  Greenhouses, shadehouses or other enclosed structures.	<ul> <li>Apply to soil and water in (including mulch, gravel, wood chips, or other permeable base); replace containerized ornamentals onto pad.</li> <li>DO NOT APPLY in greenhouses, shadehouses or other enclosed structures.</li> </ul>
<sup>1</sup> Plant only those desirable plant species listed on this lab	nel into soil treated the previous season with <b>Pendulum 3.3 EC</b> or injury may occur.

Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide may be used on plant species not listed on this label. The suitability for such uses should be determined by treating a small number of such plants at the recommended rate. Treated plants should be evaluated 1 to 2 months following treatment for possible injury. To the extent allowed by law, THE USER ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CROP DAMAGE OR OTHER LIABILITY. DO NOT treat plants grown for food or feed. DO NOT use treated plants for food or feed.

It is recommended that treated plants be evaluated for 1 to 2 months prior to making application to a large number of plants. To the extent allowed by law, **THE USER ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CROP DAMAGE OR OTHER LIABILITY.** 

#### ORNAMENTAL TANK MIXES

Emerged weeds in ornamentals can be controlled using tank mixes containing **Roundup Pro®**, **Finale™**, **Ornamec®**, **Gallery™**, **Princep®**, and other similar products. **DO NOT** apply sprays containing **Roundup Pro** or Finale over the top of ornamental plants. Before tank mixing, a simple jar test is recommended to insure compatibility of herbicides.

Refer to manufacturer's labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before tank mixing with **Pendulum 3.3 EC**, and follow those that are most restrictive.

### LANDSCAPE AND GROUND MAINTENANCE

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** can be incorporated into landscape and grounds maintenance programs to provide extended preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. Areas to be treated, such as mulch beds, parking areas and roadsides, fencelines and borders, around statuary or monuments, and similar areas, should be free of emerged weeds before application. To remove emerged weeds, either cultivate or tank mix **Pendulum 3.3 EC** with a postemergence product labeled for such use.

Refer to **APPLICATION RATE TABLE** for rates. Avoid unintentional contact of spray solution on stone, wood, or other porous surfaces as staining may occur. Rinse immediately to avoid staining.

### NONBEARING FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** may be applied for preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds on the following nonbearing crops:

Almond Citrus Olive Pistachio Plum Apple Peach Fig Apricot Grape Pear Prune Nectarine Cherry Pecan Walnut, English

Refer to **APPLICATION RATE TABLE** for rates.

Apply the spray directly to the ground below the trees or vines. Care must be taken that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly following transplanting and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of **Pendulum 3.3**EC and roots. Directed sprays where soil and media surfaces are uniformly covered will result in best weed control and plant tolerance. For newly transplanted and one-year-old grapevines, apply only when they are dormant.

DO NOT apply if buds have started to swell. **Pendulum 3.3** EC may be used where the roots of a fruit, vine, nut, or ornamental plant encroach into a treatable area.

### NONCROPLAND AREAS INCLUDING TREE PLANTATIONS

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** is recommended for grounds maintenance in noncropland areas; preemergence control of the weed species listed in and around established tree plantations (including Christmas trees); pulpwood and fiber farms; in and around established ornamentals planted in noncropland areas, such as highway rights-of-way, and utility substations. **Pendulum 3.3 EC** may be used for hardwood and conifer regeneration on conservation reserve program land or similar areas.

Refer to APPLICATION RATE TABLE for rates.

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** may be applied at planting or to established trees. When making an application at planting, it is important that slit closure be achieved to prevent **Pendulum 3.3 EC** from directly contacting the tree roots, or being washed into the root zone via the open slit, or root stunting may occur.

For postemergence control of weeds, tank mix combinations of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** plus **Roundup Pro**, **Finale**, or other labeled herbicides are recommended. Refer to approved labeling for species recommendations. Recommended rates for the tank mix compounds should be determined from the product labels of both **Pendulum 3.3 EC** and partner herbicides prior to use. Precaution must be exercised to prevent combination sprays from direct contact with desirable foliage or injury may result. **Pendulum 3.3 EC** plus diuron or simazine combinations will broaden weed control spectrum; however, use of combinations may restrict **Pendulum 3.3 EC** usage in sensitive areas. Refer to manufacturers' labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use, and follow those that are most restrictive.

### **TOTAL VEGETATIVE CONTROL**

Pendulum 3.3 EC may be tank mixed with Arsenal®, Plateau®, Roundup Pro, Karmex®, Finale, Oust®, diuron, or other products to provide bare ground or total vegetation control. Pendulum 3.3 EC can be used to provide greater plant selectivity in areas where such action may be desired. Such sites might have roots of landscape vegetation, ornamentals, or desirable trees encroaching into the treated zone. Refer to tank mix partner labels regarding effects on desirable plants. DO NOT tank mix with Arsenal in California.

Applications may be made to existing weeds controlled by the partner herbicide. Recommended rates should be determined from the product labels prior to use. Follow the most restrictive label instructions.

For Kochia: Combinations of Pendulum® 3.3 EC herbicide with Arsenal® herbicide or diuron are recommended if control has been a problem for other herbicides.

### **APPLICATION RATES**

For preemergence control of the weed species listed using broadcast spray equipment, apply **Pendulum 3.3 EC** at the following rates:

Length of Control		Ounces required to treat 1000 sq ft
Short Term (2 to 4 months)	2.4	1.8
Long Term (6 to 8 months)	4.8	3.6

Hand-held Spray Equipment: Use the table above to determine the amount of Pendulum 3.3 EC to be applied per 1000 square feet. The amount of water used for the application is not critical but should be sufficient for thorough coverage without runoff. Calibration of backpack or other hand-held equipment will vary with each operator. Determine the amount of water needed to treat 1000 square feet before mixing the spray solution. Follow mixing instructions discussed elsewhere on this label.

The efficacy of **Pendulum 3.3 EC** will improve if the application is followed by one-half inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If **Pendulum 3.3 EC** is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

Pendulum 3.3 EC will not control established weeds.

If weeds should develop prior to activation of herbicide, shallow cultivate to destroy existing weeds or, where practical, remove by hand. When cultivating for any reason, it should be shallow. **Pendulum 3.3 EC** may be used in conjunction with herbicides registered for postemergence use (i.e. **Roundup Pro®** or **Finale®**) for the control of established weeds. **DO NOT** apply sprays containing **Roundup Pro** or **Finale** over the top of desirable plants. A **Pendulum 3.3 EC** treatment may be followed by any registered herbicide to control weeds not listed on the **Pendulum 3.3 EC** label.

#### WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

**Pendulum 3.3 EC** is recommended for preemergence control of the weed species listed. Applications can be made around and over the top of the ornamentals and to the sites listed on this label.

GRASSES CONTROLLED		
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	
Bluegrass, annual	Poa annua	
Crabgrass	Digitaria spp.	
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	
Foxtail, giant	Setaria faberi	
Foxtail, green	Setaria viridis	
Foxtail, yellow	Setaria glauca	
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	
Johnsongrass (from seed)	Sorghum halepense	
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	
Lovegrass (from seed)	Eragrostis spp.	
Panicum, browntop	Panicum fasciculatum	
Panicum, fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	
Panicum, Texas	Panicum texanum	
Sandbur, field	Cenchrus incertus	
Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	
Sprangletop, Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	
Sprangletop, red	Leptochloa filiformis	
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	
Woolly cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED		
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Burweed, lawn	Soliva pterosperma	
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	
Chickweed, common	Stellaria media	
Chickweed, mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum	
Clover, hop	Trifolium procumbens	
Cudweed	Gnaphalium spp.	
Evening primrose	Oenothera biennis	
Fiddleneck	Amsinckia intermedia	
Filaree	Erodium spp.	
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	
Knotweed, prostrate	Polygonum aviculare	
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	
_ambsquarters	Chenopodium album	
Pigweed	Amaranthus spp.	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	
<sup>O</sup> urslane	Portulaca oleracea	
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra	
Rocket, London	Sisymbrium irio	
Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	
Speedwell, corn	Veronica arvensis	
Spurge, annual	Euphorbia spp.	
Spurge, prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata	
Woodsorrel, yellow	Oxalis stricta	
Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)	Abutilon theophrasti	

### **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use**, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above.

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1107



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